ROLE OF ICWC TRENING CENTER IN DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL COOPERATION

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Main distinguishing features of our training:

(I)

- Research and projects (IWRM of “Fergana”, downstream, deltas, drainage, Water and education, Twin river basins and others)
- Partner cooperation (McGill; IHE – UNESCO; MRC; IWMI; Bonn, Stuttgart, Montpellier and Semargef Universities);
- Information exchange (CIDA, ADB, WB, ICID; WWC; INBO; IWRA; GWP; SDC);
Main distinguishing features of our training:

(II) Organizational structure: regional headquarters and sub regional branches (Osh, Urgench, Bishkek, Almaty, Dushanbe, Hodjent)
Main distinguishing features of our training:

(III) Topical approach. Involvement of related sectors.

Тематическая направленность. Involvement of related sectors.
ICWC TC Regional seminars:

- **Integrated Water Resource Management**
  - 16 seminars conducted – more than 600 professionals trained

- **Transboundary Waters: Strategy for Improvement of Regional Cooperation**
  - 4 seminars conducted – more than 450 professionals trained

- **International and National Water Law and Policy**
  - 4 seminars for future trainers conducted -more than 300 professionals trained

- **Improvement of Irrigated Agriculture**
  - 5 seminars conducted – more than 250 professionals trained

- **Role of public participation in IWRM**
  - 4 seminars for future trainers conducted -more than 90 professionals trained

- **Gender aspects of IWRM**
  - 2 seminars for future trainers conducted -more than 60 professionals trained

- **Water and Education**
  - 4 seminars for future trainers conducted -more than 180 professionals trained.
Quantitative outcomes:
More than 2000 participants and around 250 trainers are trained.
Quantitative outcomes:

May 31 - June 3, 2005
"Public participation in sustainable water resources management"

This report follows a successful completion of the ICWC Training Centre's Regional Workshop on "Public participation in sustainable water resources management"... More >>
Quantitative outcomes:
Qualitative outcomes:

- IWRM in Central Asia, Legislative acts;
- TC is political institution –”round table” consensus on most critical issues among countries and sectors, governmental and nongovernmental organizations;
- acceptance of “Water-Gender- Increase of agricultural productivity” relationship.
Received high assessment of CIDA evaluation mission

Changes in regional orientation of Canada requires search for other funding sources.
TC support is necessary to ensure regional implementation of IWRM

Main office:
• coordination of regional training activities;
• preparation and dissemination of training materials;
• development of new courses and training for trainers.

Branches:
• “grass-root” level activities;
• consulting services;
• education of farmers and water users.
Why is it necessary?

– Training demand is up to 2000 professionals per year;
– Maintain mutual understanding and water management cooperation among generations of professionals at all levels;
– Development and maintenance of consulting services in all regional countries to increase water and land productivity.
**Prospective projects**

– UNESCO IHE; US State Department;
– Water and Governance – UNDP;
– Gender and Water – CIDA;
– Project Management – CIDA;
– Water and Education – OSCE;
– Water and Land Productivity – EU FP-6;
– WUA – projects of ADB and World Bank.