

Friendship and frictions on Central Asia water.

Prof. Viktor A.Dukhovny Meeting INBO, Porto, 29 September 2011

Framework of collaboration

Political will of 5 Presidents

Creation of ICWC, Agreement 18 March 1992

Decisions by the Head of States of March 1993 and of January 1994 – PBAM 1 and "Concept decision of the Aral Sea basin problems"

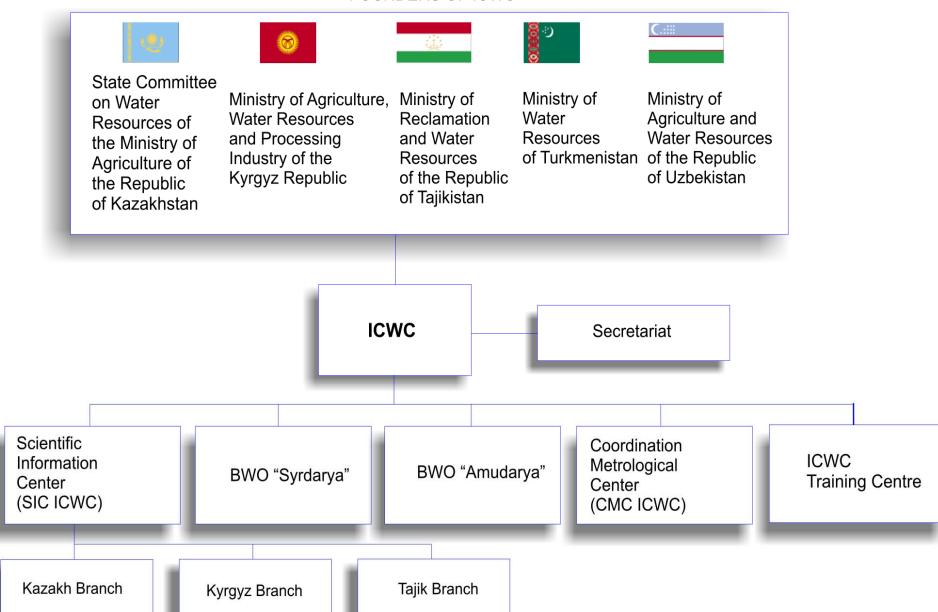
Agreement on IFAS status, 1999

Meeting Head of States on 28 April 2009

PBAM 3, 2010-2011. Expected succees!!!

STRUCTURE of Interstate Coordination Water Commission of Central Asian states

FOUNDERS OF ICWC



Principles of ICWC works

The operation and management of international waters on the basin of two rivers: Amudarya and Syrdarya will be mutual by this Commission on behalf of all five states;

All decisions related to water management should be accepted by the members of this Commission on the regular meeting taking place each quarter on the base of full consequences;

Executive bodies of Commission take responsibilities for implementation of decision of ICWC members;

The water allocation is based on the existing water resources rules;

Parties agreed to avoid any actions that can cause harm or damage to other partners.

Water collaboration takes place as

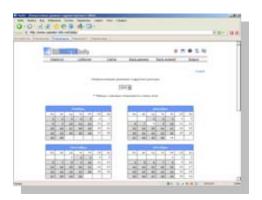
Mutual planning and control of annual water Allocation; operation by two BWO's

Capacity building of ICWC

Information system – transparency and trust – thanks SDC!!!

Strengthening legal, institutional, and technical Frameworks of executing bodies - ADB;

Implementation of IWRM – thanks SDC!!!

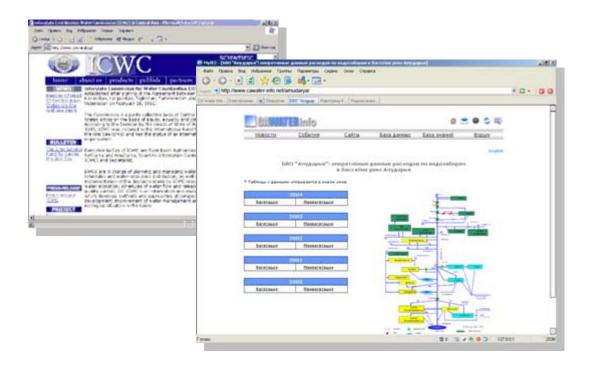






CAWater-Info

www cawater-info.net



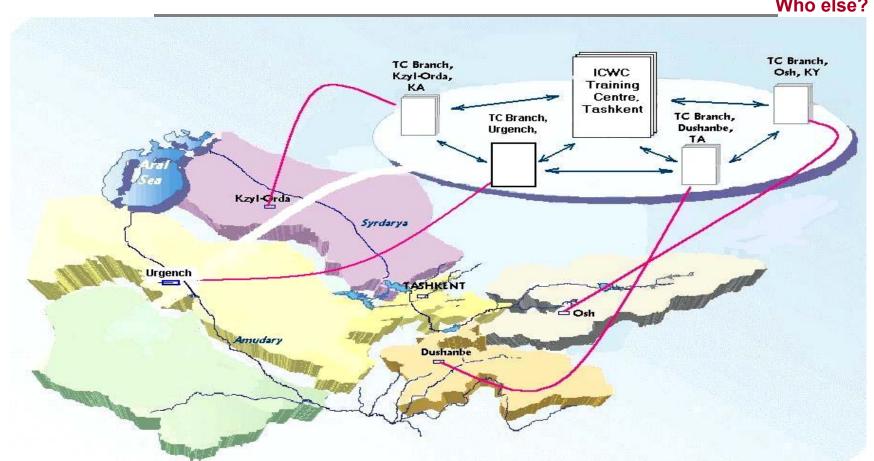
Widespread campaign on training of water users and water specialists;

Advanced training of 6.000 - 10.000 specialists at middle and lower levels should be provided every year

·SDC

·IHE - UNESCO

Who else?





With the support of CIDA, USAID and SDC, BWO "Syrdarya" together with SIC ICWC started implementing SCADA in 10 stations.

This system allows for continuous registration of water discharge, level, and salinity, as well as for improvement of water distribution accuracy at the main off-takes from

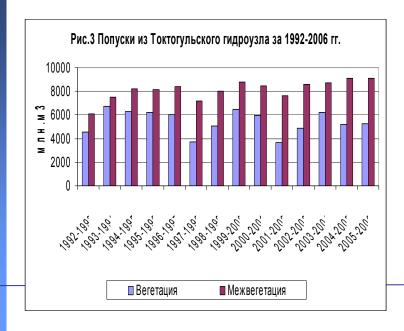
± 10 % to ± 2 %. It is planned to cover the mid-stream up to Chardara by 2010 together with SDC.

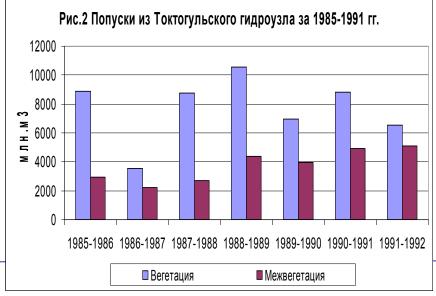
Syr-Darya River Basin

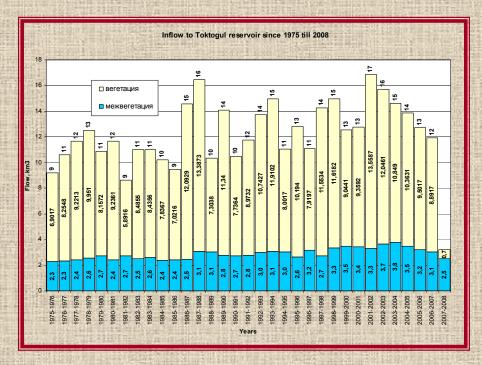
The collaboration between former "brothers" – how it could be keep?

The frequency of the wet years (probability 25 % and lower) and of the extreme wet years (probability 10 % and lower) has increased 1.4 times and 2 times accordingly.

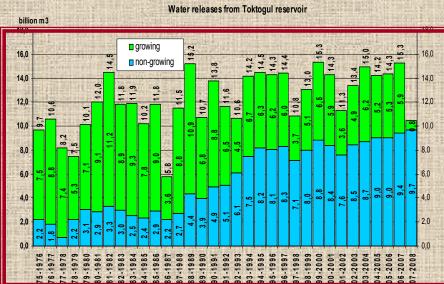
	1985 – 199	91	1992 -	2006	
	Non Vegetation period	Vegetation period	Non- vegetation period	Vegetation period	
Inflow	2,77	9,29	3,20	10,49	
Discharge	3,53	7,93	8,13	5,45	







Case study of Syrdarya basin 2002...2008!

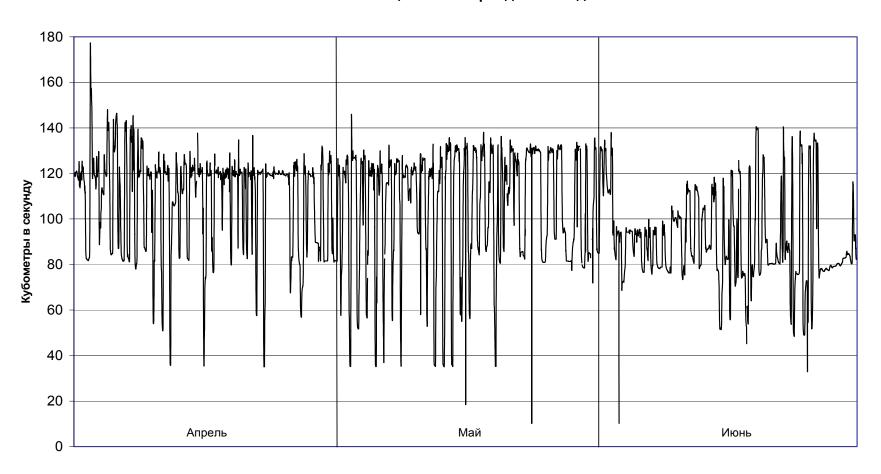


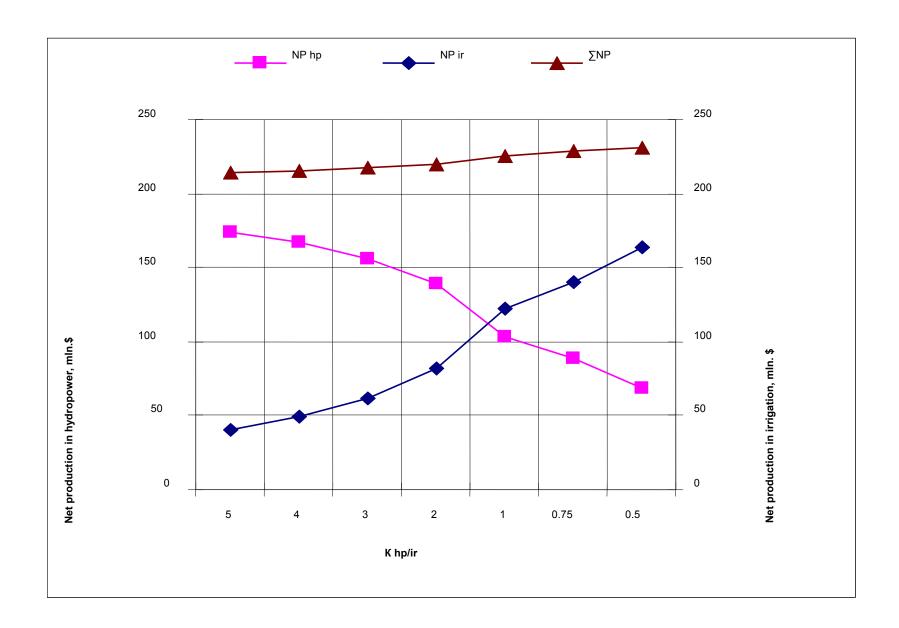
Water availability in Syrdarya 2008 Summer

Water natural availability	April	May	June	July	August	Sept.
of mean long-term norm, %	77	86	65	55	76	70
		Deliv	very, %			
Kazakhstan	150	147	86	44	58	178
Kyrgyzstan	105	64	57	60	67	81
Tajikistan	34	59	69	74	85	81
Uzbekistan	120	76	60	58	72	105

Water reservoirs – tool for pressure

Подаваемый расход воды в Канал дополнительного питания Большого Ферганского канала с начала вегетационного периода 2008 года





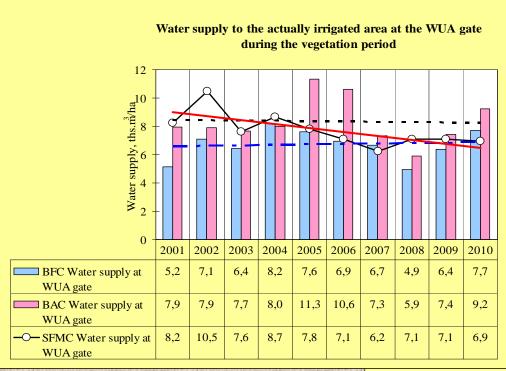
How we can combat future water challenges?

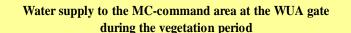
- •IWRM as measure for strengthening WMO, control losses and growth of productivity of lands and water;
- strengthening collaboration;
- rehabilitate trust between states;
- increase water rights.

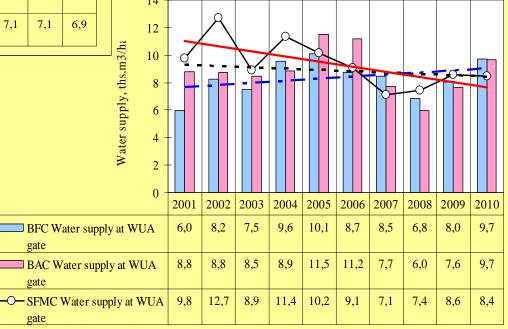
Trend of water withdrawal reduction in WUAs for water saving purposes

gate

gate



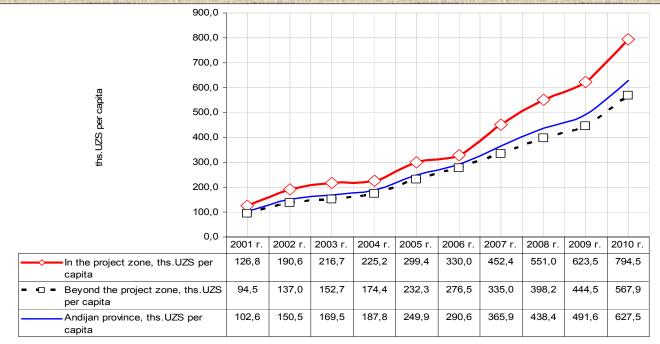


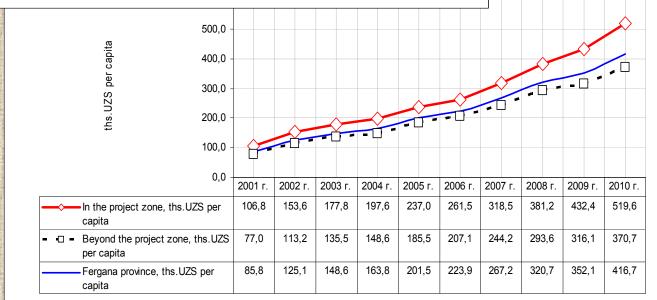


Assessment of the showing of vegetation periods based on every-ten day analyses

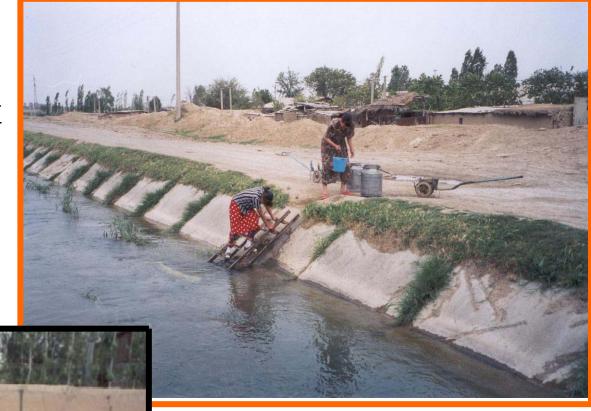
Pilot canals	Showings	Unit	2004	2008	2009	2010	Decrease/increase against 2004, %		
							2008	2009	2010
	Irrigated area Volume of water withdrawal	ths.ha mln.m ³	202	130	158	137	-1 -36	-2 -22	-2 -32
AAC (KG)	Volume of water transit	mln.m ³	27	19	16	12	-32	-43	-56
	Volume of water supply	mln.m ³	65	49	73	63	-24	12	-4
	Specific water supply	ths.m ³ /ha	8.0	6.1	9.2	7.9	-24	15	-2
	Irrigated area	ths.ha	105.1	93.2	107.5	108.5	-11	2	3
	Volume of water withdrawal	mln.m ³	1 188	848	1 020	1 319	-29	-14	11
SFMC (UZB)	Volume of water transit	mln.m ³	124	75	96	379	-40	-22	205
	Volume of water supply	mln.m ³	912	660	765	754	-28	-16	-17
	Specific water supply	ths.m ³ /ha	8.7	7.1	7.1	6.9	-18	-18	-20
	Irrigated area	ths.ha	8.1	8.5	8.6	11.7	4	6	7
	Volume of water withdrawal	mln.m ³	176	114	116	154	-35	-34	-13
KBC (TAJ)	Volume of water transit	mln.m ³	21	9	18	26	-55	-12	26
	Volume of water supply	mln.m ³	113	75	65	83	-34	-42	-26
	Specific water supply	ths.m ³ /ha	14	8.8	7.6	7.2	-37	-46	-49

Dynamics of gross agricultural production per capita





Women play an important role in water diversion, delivery, use and management.





They are also responsible for sanitation. Nevertheless, women's opinion is not practically considered in strategic decision making.

TRAINING



women started to take leading positions in agricultural and water sectors.



Something about trust... Production of energy, mln.kwt/h per 1mln.person

Страны		Выработка эл.энергии, млн.кВт.ч	Население, тыс.чел	Выработка эл.энергии, млн.кВт.ч на 1млн.чел	
	ГЭС	13641		4559	
Кыргызстан	ТЭС	840	2992	281	
	Итого	14481		4840	
	ГЭС	546		188	
Казахстан	ТЭС	2275	2908	782	
	Итого	2821		970	
	ГЭС	16528		2340	
Таджикистан	ТЭС	228	7064	32	
	Итого	16756		2372	
	ГЭС	6241		233	
Узбекистан	ТЭС	43075	26759	1610	
	Итого	49316	1	1843	
	ГЭС	0		0	
Туркменистан *	ТЭС	11422	4730	2415	
	Итого	11422	1	2415	
	ГЭС	36956		831	
Bcero	ТЭС	57840	44452	1301	
	Итого	94796	1	2133	
* За 2004 год					