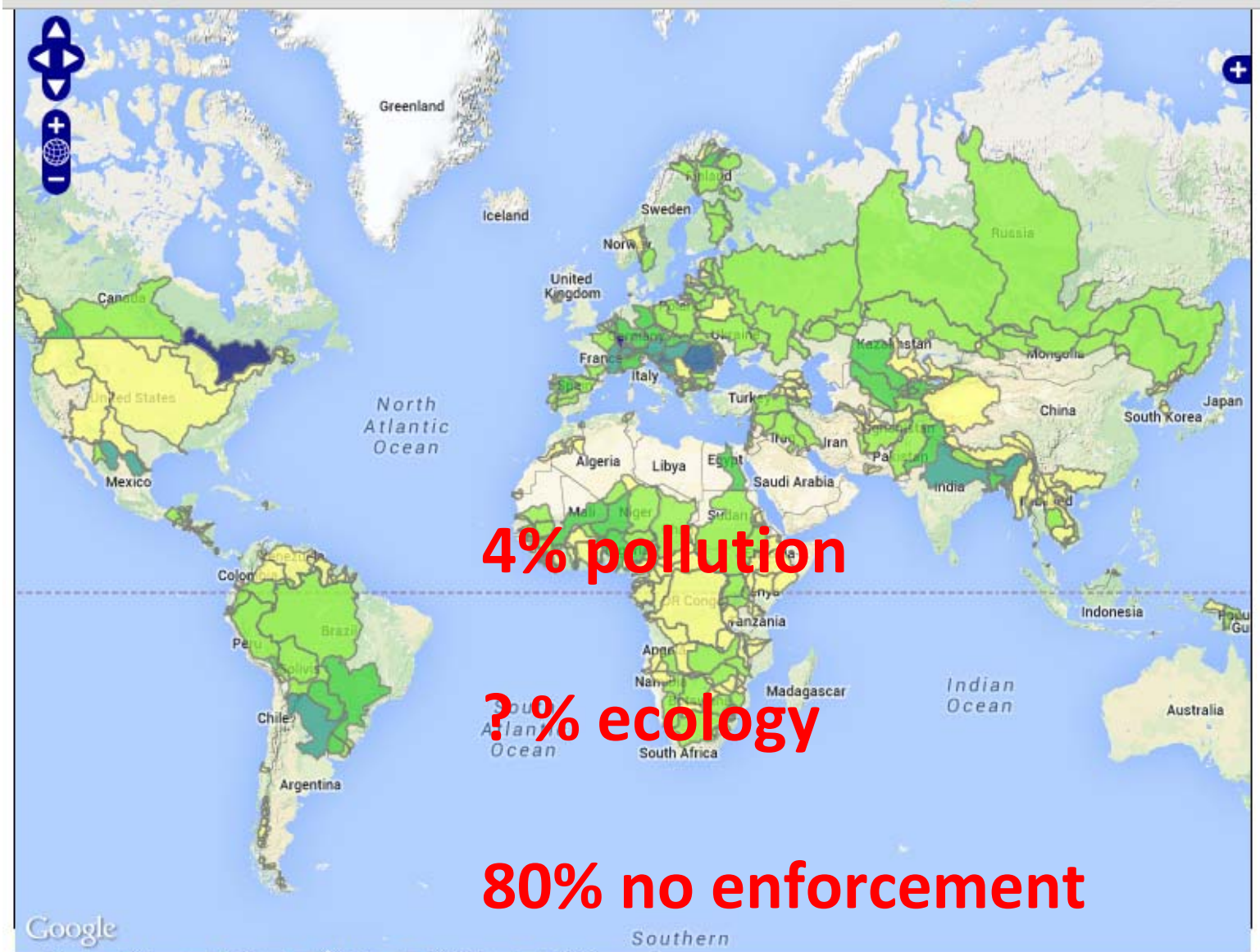
A photograph of the UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education building, a modern multi-story structure with large windows. A flagpole with a blue flag is visible in the foreground. The image has a blue tint and a semi-transparent white text box overlaid in the center.

Application of Water Quality Guidelines at Basin Level to protect Freshwater Ecosystems

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Number of water treaties in the world

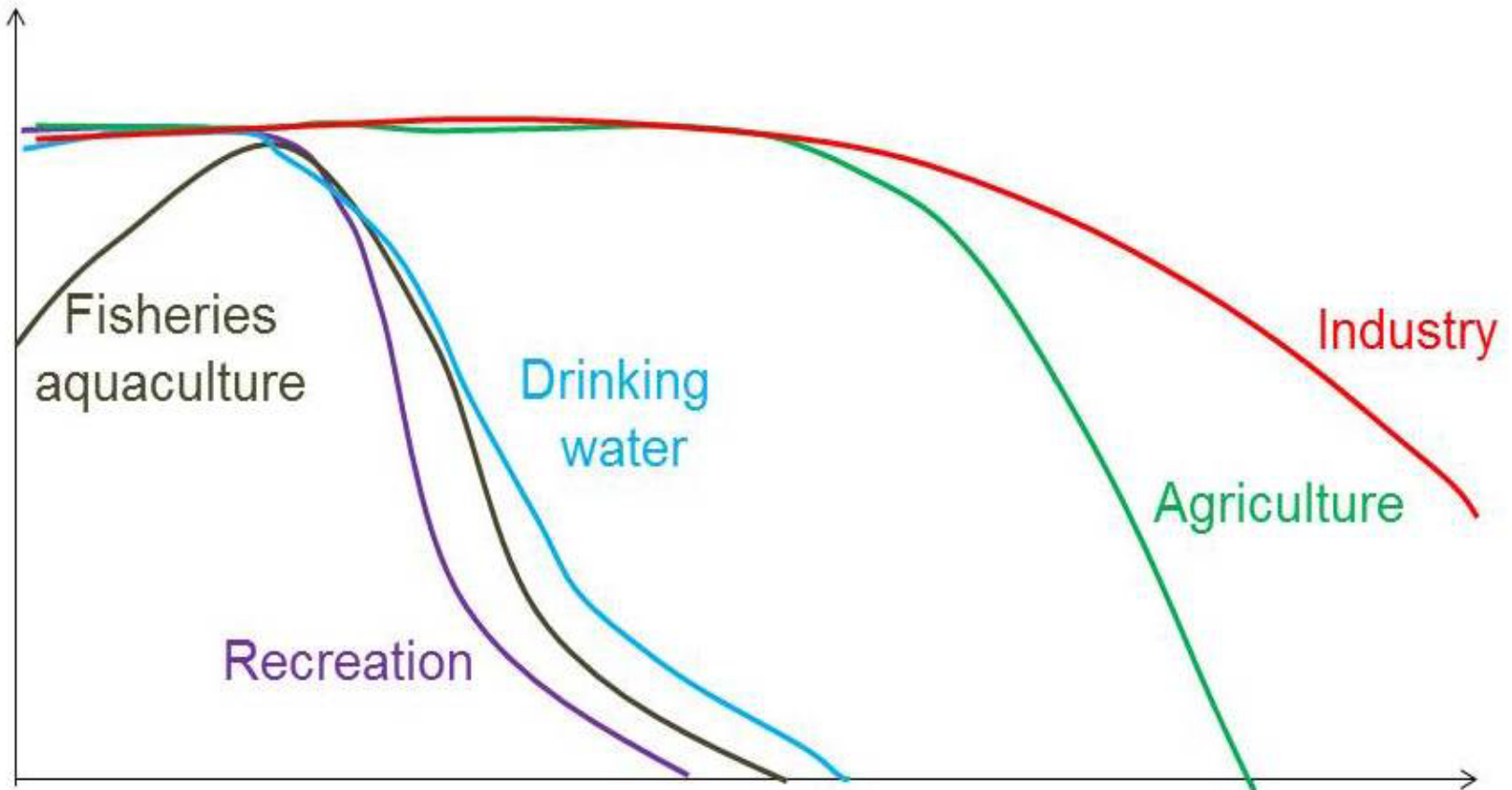




- Goal setting
- Monitoring
- Reporting
- Measures
- Compliance and Enforcement
-

**Role for BO's to balance ecosystem quality
versus other uses and interests**

Potential uses related to ecosystem quality



Selection of Indicators and Monitoring

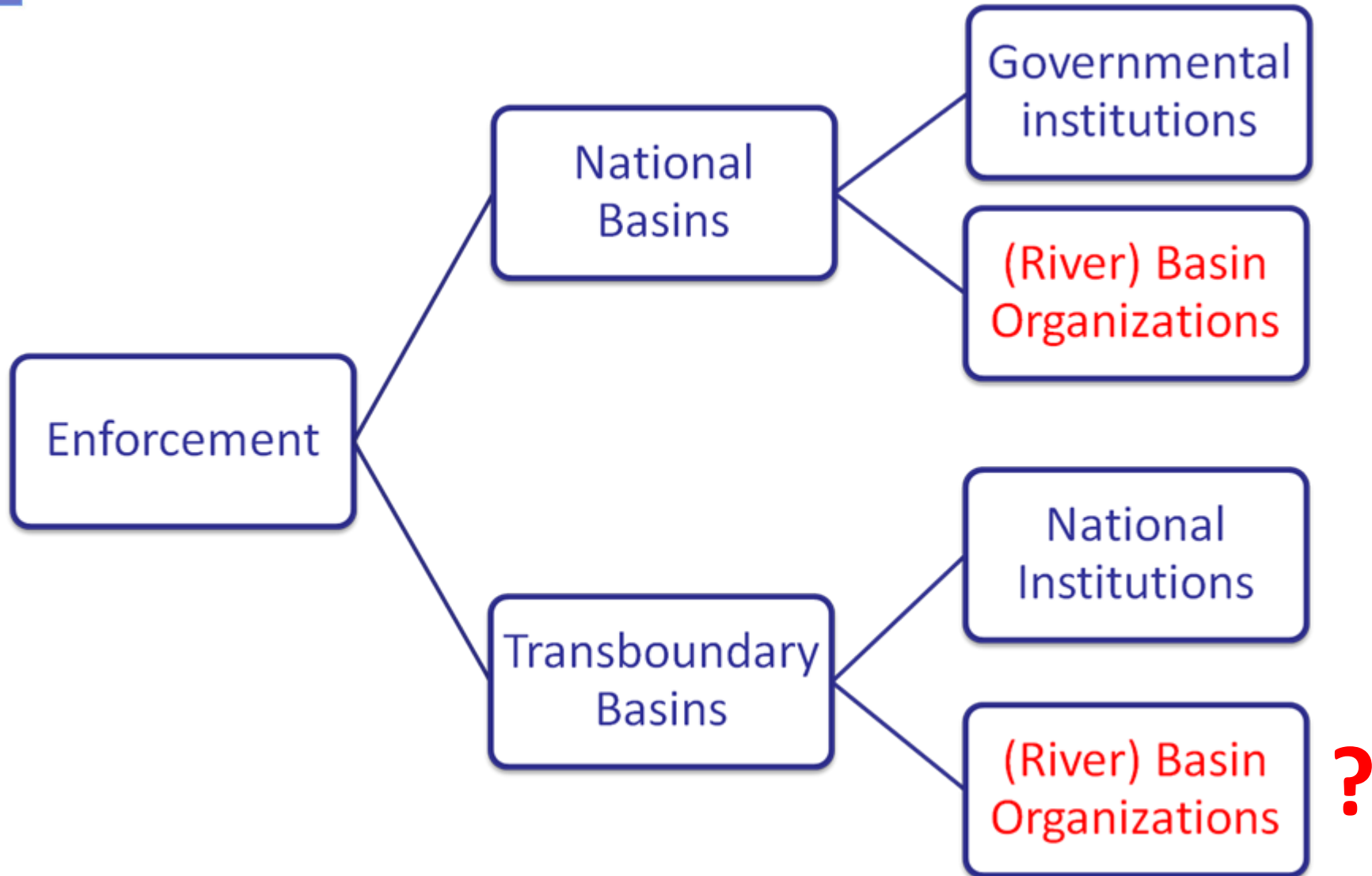
A few countries / regions (EU!) have set indicators

Biological	Fish
	Invertebrates
	Algae
	Macrophytes
Physico-chemical	Metabolic
	Trophic
	Toxicants
Hydrogeomorphic	Aquatic habitats
	Riparian habitats



- O₂, Nutrients Guidelines available
Site specific application needed
- Toxics Not site specific
Different guidelines available
Harmonize!!
- Biological Site specific
Need for reference values, within
or with similar basins

Enforcement



Recommendations

- Assessment for aquatic ecosystems includes physio-chemical, biological and hydromorphological indicators
- Reference values are needed for biological indicators
- Develop international water quality criteria for toxic substances in fresh water ecosystems
- Provide a common terminology concerning water quality assessment

- Strengthen the mandate and cooperation between authorities, stakeholders and states in basin organizations to protect and restore aquatic ecosystems by
 - Long-term goals
 - Technical and financial capacity
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Cooperation in monitoring, data-analysis, reporting, dissemination of results
 - Clear enforcement