

Thematic session 1: International and Transboundary Cooperation for Basin Management".

Role of African Network of Basin Organizations in Fostering Transboundary Water Management in Africa

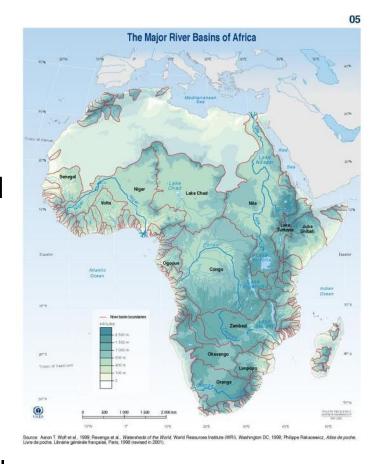
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1a. Transboundary Water Resources in Africa



- 63 major transboundary River Basins in Africa, covering 64% of the continent's land area
- TWBs contain more than 80% of Africa's renewable freshwater resources
- Water resources are unevenly distributed and spatial and temporal variability of water in Africa are very high
- Extremes (floods and droughts) frequently pose challenges to effective management of the continents water resources
- Pollutions and climate change are pausing major challenges
- Rivers and Lakes still offer untapped potential
- Multi-purpose water infrastructure investments will accelerate poverty alleviation and will boost economic growth



1b. Transboundary Water Management Challenges in Africa



- Countries recognize that development of water infrastructure is a key driver for achieving socioeconomic development.
- Over 20 transboundary Basin Organizations established
- Role is to support cooperation, joint management and promote transboundary investments
- However most African Basin Organizations remain institutionally weak, financially challenged and are highly dependent on donor funding.

Major Challenges

Limited information sharing, technical and analytical capacity for addressing challenges and harnessing opportunities

Limited capacity for planning, promotion, and implementation of joint investments programs

Inadequate visibility within the Basins / Members States

Weak governance and Member State ownership – financial support

1c. Key Development Challenges and Opportunities



KEY DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES FACING AFRICA

WATER AND NEXUS WEFE AS PART OF SOLUTIONS

Rapid population growth

Rampant Poverty

Climate change

- Unmet food needs: <u>FOOD</u>
 INSECURITY
- Water scarcity (physical/technical/governace); water-related risks: WATER INSECURITY
- Low level of access to energy/electricity: ENERGY INSECURITY
- Degraded environment/ecosystems:
 ENVIRONMENTAL

INSECURITY

Sustainable and efficient dev and use of available waters, especially TRANSBOUNDA RY WATERS: 80% of Africa's renewable freshwater

FOOD SECURITY

WATER SECURITY

ENERGY SECURITY

ENV SECURITY

2a. The African Network of Basins Organization



- ☐ The African Network of Basins Organization (ANBO) was created as an International Non-profit Organization in 2002
- ☐ It is a voluntary network of Basins, Lakes/Rivers, and aquifer organizations set up with the assistance of the International Network of Basin Organizations (INBO)
- Created to respond to;
 - Africa Water Vision 2025, AU calls for , a Federation of African Rivers and Lakes Basins Organizations
 - Address the need to coordinate and strengthen cooperation among African Basin Organizations
 - ANBO General Assembly formalized its relationship with AMCOW in 2009 as a pan African organization serving AMCOW on facilitating transboundary cooperation
 - Current ANBO Headquarter at OMVS, Dakar, Senegal https://www.anbo-raob.org/en/

2b. ANBO - Strategic Direction



Vision

- ☐ 'An influential federation of African Basin Organization helping its members contribute tangibly to the African Water Vision for the welfare of the African people'
- Mission: 'to support the African basins organizations in developing their capacity to play leading role in sustainable regional economic development through promoting joint water investment and management, and enhancing cooperation and exchange of experiences among its members'
- Goals & Objectives
- ☐ The Vision and Mission- pursued through 10-Year Strategies & 5 Year rolling Action plans
 - ☐ Currently ANBO Strategy (2015-2024) & the 5-Year Action Plan 2020-2024

2c. ANBO Strategy 2015-2024



- Aligned to African Water Vision 2025: "An Africa where there is an equitable and sustainable use and management of water resources for poverty alleviation, socio-economic development, regional cooperation, and the environment."
- □ Areas focus
 - **Objective 1**: The institutional, resources mobilization, technical and knowledge sharing capacity of ANBO, as a pillar under AMCOW, is strengthened;
 - **Objective 2**: The organizational structure and legal basis of the existing Basin Organizations are strengthened and the creation of new Basin Organizations is supported;
 - **Objective 3**: The investment planning, resources mobilization, and implementation capacity of the Basin Organizations is strengthened on the basis of cooperation and exchange of experiences among its members;
 - **Objective 4**: The data, information and knowledge management capacity to support transboundary water resources management is strengthened;

2d. Priority Actions 2020 -2024



Focus to Expand and strengthen transboundary water governance through improved cooperation and joint learning among ANBO Members and Partners through 4 Action areas;

- Action Area 1. Strengthening water governance and cooperation in existing basin organizations and supporting the creation of new basin organizations.
- Action Area 2. Mobilizing and connecting members and partners for more effective engagement in and influence of water-related policy processes and debates.
- Action Area 3. Strengthening ANBO's Knowledge network and capacity development functions.
- ☐ Action Area 4. Strengthening ANBO Governance and operations.

2e. Implementation & Achievements



To contribute to advancing Africa's water-related priorities – under
AMCOW strategy and SDGs, the Action plans have implemented the
ANBO strategy - considering lessons learned and recommendations from
the ANBO Council;

Achievements in Recent years

- Projects
 - SITWA Project; ANBO-UDP/GEF
 - DYNOBA Project
- ☐ African water related commitments
 - Alignment to AMCOW's 2018 -2030 Strategy and SDGs
- Members and Partners perspectives priorities in consultative meetings with resolutions or declaration, e.g. the Kampala declaration, side events, conferences

2e. The 1st High-level Engagement of L/RBOs in Africa, May 2023, Kampala



- ☐ Participants Senior management of African L/RBOs, RECs and Partners
- Objective to deliberate on the state of transboundary water management on the Continent.
- Outcome Kampala Declaration and Joint Action Plan on Transboundary Water Resources Management in Africa
- Kampala Declaration encapsulates commitments and strategic actions for improving transboundary water management in Africa
- Key focus: strengthening cooperation, increasing investments, stakeholder engagement, addressing climate change, data and information exchange, conflict resolution mechanisms
- □ Kampala Declaration 2023 was submitted to the African Union to ensure that
 the outcomes of the meeting as outlined are incorporated into broader
 Continental strategies and policies on water management
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2e. Second High-level Engagement - 2024



- □ Date and Venue 4-5 November 2024, Dakar, Senegal
- Motivation Efforts are currently underway to formulate a post-2025 Africa Water Vision that will motivate for action to achieve the AU Agenda 2063 goal of environmentally sustainable and climate resilient economies and communities through assuring water security, among others.

☐ Goals

- Evaluate past performance of the 2015 -2024 and guide the strategic direction for the next 10 years
- Institutionalise strategic operational arrangements with RLBOs and RECs through jointly formulated and executed engagement plans and resources mobilisation activities to strengthen ties between AMCOW, the RECs and RLBOs
- Guide on how Africa's Common Position and Key Messages presented to the 10th World Water Forum that can be factored into the post-2025 Africa Water Vision visà-vis ambitions for sustainably managed transboundary water resources
- Secure the future of ANBO (institutional strengthening, resource mobilization)

3. Challenges & Perspectives



Challenges

- Weak Institutions Governance, limited participation, partnerships, collaboration and joint actions among members;
 □ Limited Institutional capacity, knowledge and information sharing.
- ☐ Limited Institutional capacity, knowledge and information sharing
- Inadequate resources and Investments to show benefits on the ground

Perspectives

- Strengthen ANBO's leadership with more autonomous Secretariat, networking and alignment to continental and international commitments to show relevance and benefits on the ground
- Position ANBO as a knowledge hub to facilitate cooperation, investments, capacity building and supportive tools for decision support
- Pursue efforts to promote resource mobilization through Projects e.g the ongoing DYNOBA Project funded by AFD and implemented by OMVS as ANBO Technical Permanent Secretary
- ☐ Develop New Projects, with Partners Swiss cooperation, INBO, TEI, ...;
- New EU-funded Peer to Peer Project, implemented by INBO/OiEau together with ANBO/OMVS, to be launched soon.



4. ANBO Members at its Creation

31 ANBO statutory

Members (eligible

and right to vote)

18
Basin
Organis
ations

Including NBI – LVBC – ABN – ABV –
CICOS – KOBWA – LTA -LIMCOM – OKACOM
– OMVS – OMVG – ORASECOM – ZRA –
MRU CBLT - Ruvuma Basin - Juba Shabelli
Basin – Kunene Basin

10 Basin Agenci es Including Algiers-hodna-Soummam
Basin Agency - Oranie-Chott- Chergui River
Basin Agency - Sahaha River Basin Agency –
Oum Er Rbia Basin Agency - Niger River
Basin National Agency - SEBOU River
Agency - Integrated development authority
of the liptako gourma region ALG - AWASH
Basin Water Ressources Administration
Agency

3 Lakes

Including Lac Tonga – Lac Mweru Lac Nyassa 9 InternationalOrganisations& ONG

7 Regional Organisations

Administrati
ons and
others
Projects and

28 Associate Members and observers (not eligible and not allowed to vote)

Including World Water Council – International
Network of Basin Organizations (INBO) – UICN –
International Waters-Learning Exchange and
Resource Network (GEF-IW LEARN) – OMM International Network of Transboundary Basin
Organizations – CODOSEN - World Wil Fund /West
Africa

Including ACMAD – Sahara and Sahel
Observatory (OSS) – Global Water
Partnership/Eastern Africa – GWP/WAWP/WATAC –
NEPAD Secretariat – SADC – ECOWAS -

Among others Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (South Africa) - National hydrolic divisions - African Centre of Meteorological Applications for Development (ACMAD/Niger) - Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (Mauritanian) - Ministry of the Environment Directorate of Hydraulics / Ministry of the Environment and Water Directorate General of Water Resources National Hydraulics - Water Resources Management and Planning Department -







ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS TO ALL OURMEMBER, BASINS PARTNERS

