



The Water Convention: supporting transboundary cooperation across sectors

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The Water Convention



A **legal and institutional framework** for transboundary water cooperation contributing to sustainable development, international peace and security.



A **unique platform** to discuss progress of transboundary water cooperation worldwide under the umbrella of the United Nations



Opened to all interested countries, with more than 130 countries exchanging experiences and knowledge to prompt progress in cooperation



Programme of work for 2022-2024



OVERALL OBJECTIVE

Transboundary waters worldwide are managed in cooperation between riparian countries in accordance with the Water Convention, promoting sustainable development, peace and security

OUTCOME 1

Countries understand the Convention, accede to it, develop agreements and establish joint bodies

OUTCOME 4

Transboundary water cooperation is sustainably financed



Financing Programme Area 5

Facilitating financing of transboundary water cooperation



Reporting

Programme Area 6

Reporting on Sustainable Development Goal indicator 6.5.2 and under the Convention

Awareness & accession

Programme Area 1

creasing awareness of and accession to the Convention and application of its nciples drawing on the penefits of cooperation

OUTCOME 2

Transboundary water resources in transboundary basins are monitored and assessed, and information is shared among riparian countries

> Integrated water resources management is implemented at all levels in

OUTCOME 3

a changing climate

Monitoring & assessment

Programme

Area 2

Supporting monitoring, assessment and information sharing in transboundary basins



Integrated & intersectoral approach

Programme Area 3

Promoting an integrated and intersectoral approach to water management at all levels



OUTCOME 5

Transboundary water

cooperation is monitored

and partners are mobilized

to support it

Climate change adaptation

Programme

Area 4

Adapting to climate change in transboundary basins



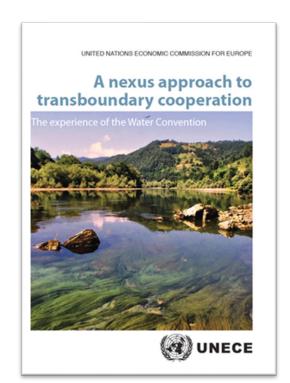
Programme Area 7

Partnerships, communication and knowledge management

Rationale of nexus work under the Water Convention



- Motivating information sharing and consultation in transboundary contexts, and considering alternatives
- Overcoming "silos thinking" in policy making and natural resource management:
 - reduced friction between sectors and countries
 - reduced economic losses from inefficiency
 - enhanced sustainability
- Co-optimizing the use of existing and new infrastructure:
 - benefits to different sectors
 - lower resource use intensity
- Highlighting the broad benefits of intersectoral and transboundary cooperation



Activities on Nexus: Global Task Force on Transboundary Nexus



- Objectives of the Task Force:
 - oversee nexus activities under the Convention
 - provide a global platform for sharing knowledge and experience in integrated natural resource management in shared basins.
- Includes Parties and non-Parties, country authorities and basins, experts, partner organizations
- created in 2013 and chaired by Finland
- Meets regularly (1-2 years) next meeting 12-13
 December 2022!



WATER CONVENTION

Activities on Nexus: Basin Assessments



^{*} United Nations administered territory under the UN Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999)

Basin Assessment	Main focus
Alazani/Ganykh River Basin (Caucasus)	Rural/agricultural development, flash floods, hydropower, energy trade, erosion and sedimentation
Sava River Basin (Western Balkans)	Hydropower, renewable energy, land use, irrigation, environmental needs of water, navigation
Syr Darya River Basin (Central Asia)	Flow regulation, energy production and trade, climate change, renewable energy and energy efficiency, food production and trade, regional cooperation
North-Western Sahara Aquifer System (North Africa)	Groundwater abstraction, groundwater quality, irrigation (including solar), renewable energy, soil salinization, rural development, agricultural transformation
Drina River Basin (Western Balkans)	Hydropower, renewable energy, rural/agricultural development, water quality, benefits of cooperatiom
Drin River Basin (Western Balkans)	Hydropower, floods, biomass for energy and sustainable forestry, rural/agricultural development

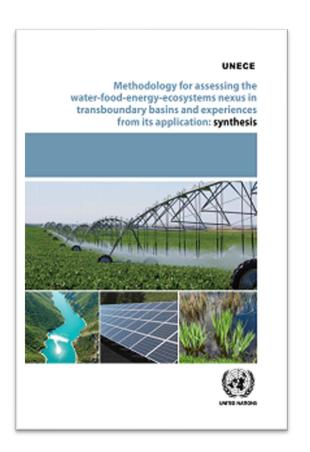


Assessments: the methodology



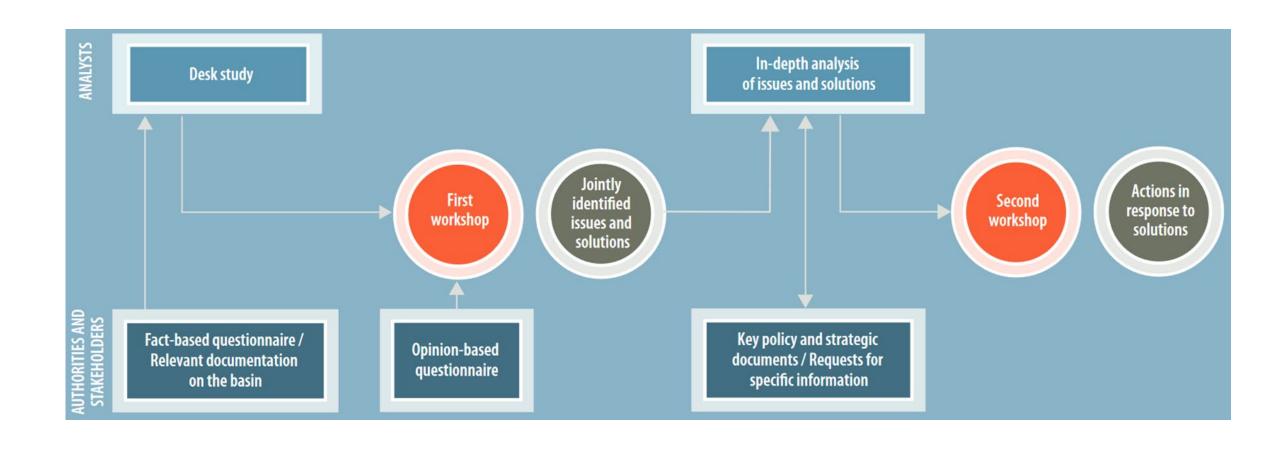
Need for a **flexible methodology**:

- Adapts to the context and the issues specific to the basin
 - Relevant boundaries and scales (geographical/physical, governance)
 - Existing legal, institutional frameworks and past experiences
 - Existing models, data available/data gaps
 - Existing strategies, policies, action plans and programs
- Applicable to surface water basins and aquifers
- Provides participatory intersectoral assessment at transboundary level informed by analysis, prepared in close cooperation with national governments





Assessments: the participatory process



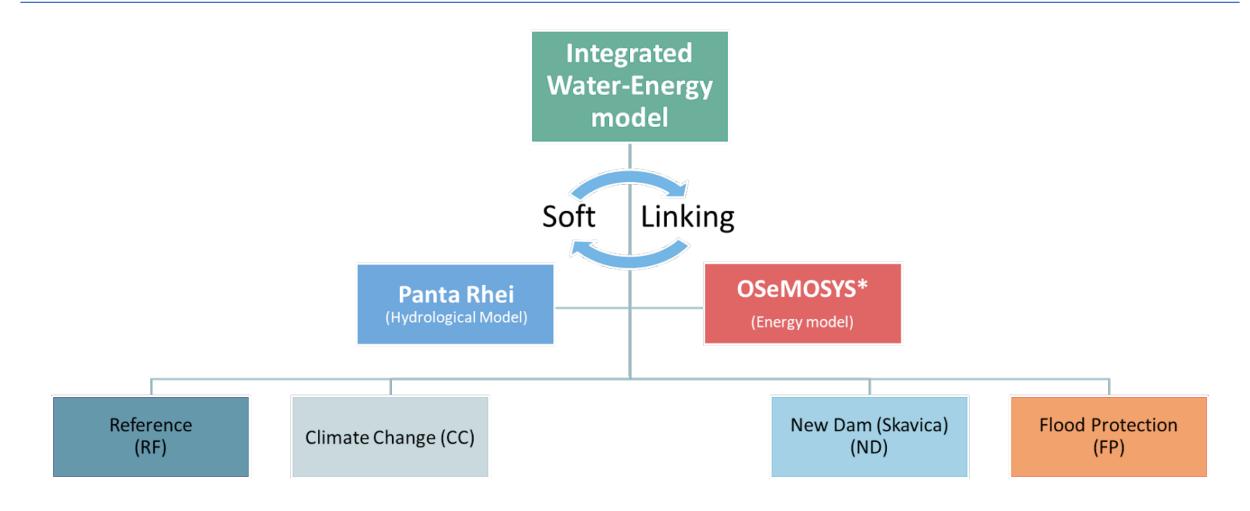


The impact of Nexus Assessments

- Facilitating inter-sectoral dialogue in transboundary basins: joint prioritization of issues, elaboration of solutions and synergetic action
- Initiating, broadening, revisiting transboundary basin cooperation (water management) and strengthening links with regional cooperation frameworks (energy, agriculture, environment)
- Policy insights from modeling on key questions e.g. optimization of resource (land, water/dams for food and energy production) and infrastructure (hydro, flood & droughts) in long-term planning
- Joint identification of cross-sectoral and transboundary nexus solutions e.g. synergetic RE projects, sustainable rural development, etc. and discussing necessary nexus investments
- ➤ "Nexus-proofing" of legal, institutional and policy frameworks; strategic infrastructure...





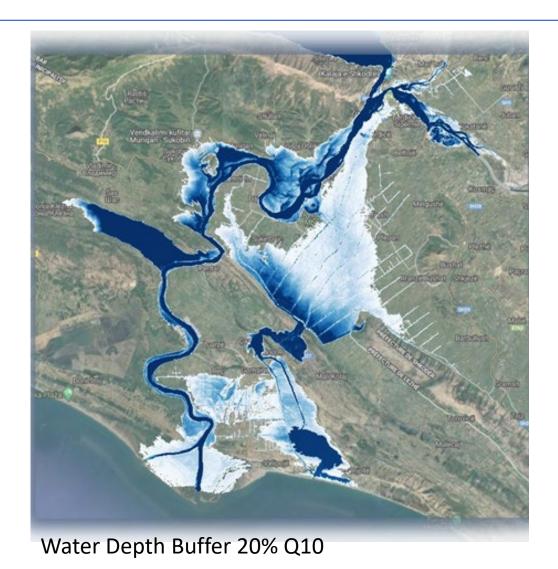


^{*} OSeMOSYS: Open Source energy MOdeling SYStem.



Flood protection scenario





Final highlights from the Drin Nexus Assessment

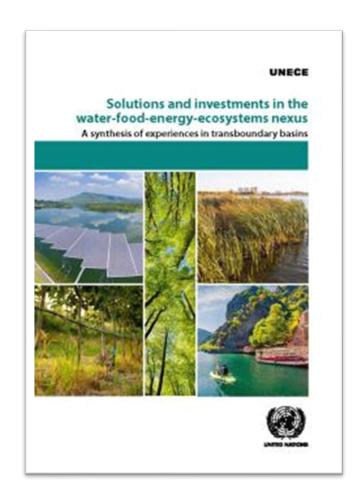


- Climate change will impact hydro generation in the Drin basin causing 6-14% decline in the coming two decades.
- The benefits of Skavica hydropower plant will not be limited to flood mitigation but it will also improve the energy independency.
- Changing the operational rule of the dams to accommodate floods would have a minor impact on the security of electricity supply.
- However, it has the potential to spare additional 7-34 MCM of volume to be used for flood control.
- The **savings in terms of flood damages** are **considerable** for small to medium floods.

Nexus Solutions and Investments in Transboundary Basins



- A stocktaking of experience from around the world (2020): a survey, a literature review, inputs from expert consultations and a review of regional nexus dialogues.
- Nexus solutions and investments to tackle issues of: water quantity, water quality and environment.
- 36 case studies analysed to find: common features and trends related to problems and solutions, financing sources and schemes, obstacles to implementation and enabling factors, perceived added value and benefits.
- To implement and upscale nexus solutions and investments in transboundary basins: basin-level action plans, coordinated strategies and investment plans (also regional, facilitated by RBOs, IFIs etc) can be important vehicles





Thanks for your attention!

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www.unece.org/env/water/

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