



# From ground to orbit: Combining in-situ and satellite monitoring of water and forest resources for adaptation to climate change

Clement Albergel
Head of ESA's Actionable Climate Information section
Monday 10th November, 18:30-20:00 - Blue Zone, Side-Event Room 9

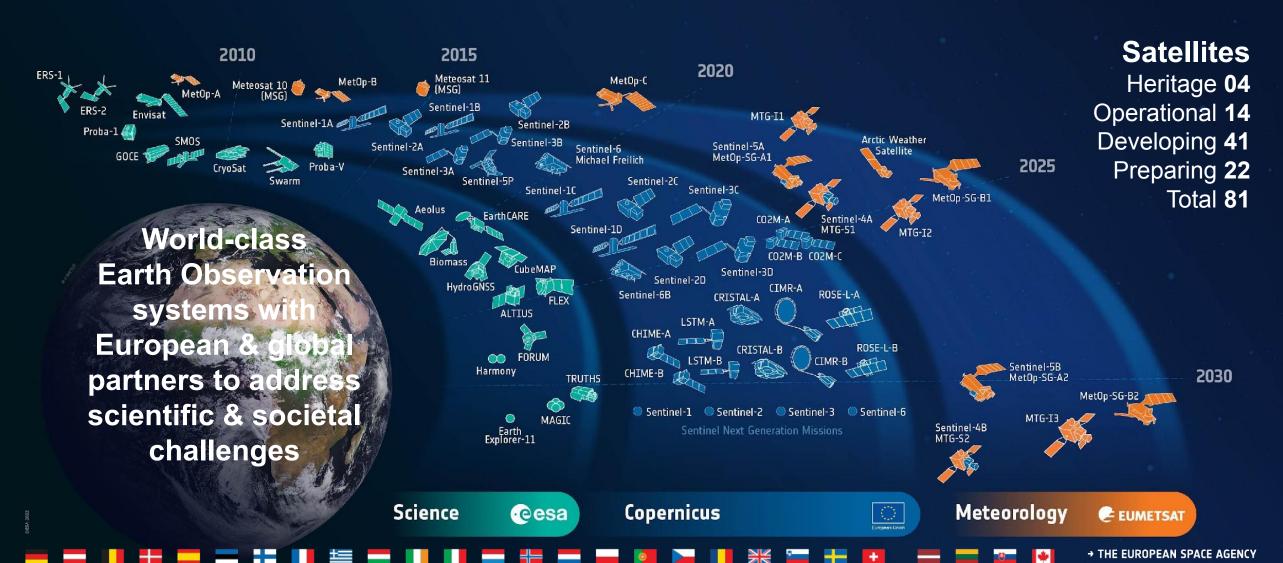
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10/11/2025

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#### **ESA's Earth Observation Mission**





# Earth Observation Activities at ESRIN ESTEC ECSA



Satellite Design & Development **ESTEC Missions** Management **ESRIN** Cal/Val & Data Distribution



#### **Innovation**

Future systems & Instruments activities

Accelerate the future of EO with cutting edge research

#### Φ-lab

Accelerate the future of EO via transformative innovation & com-mercialisation actions

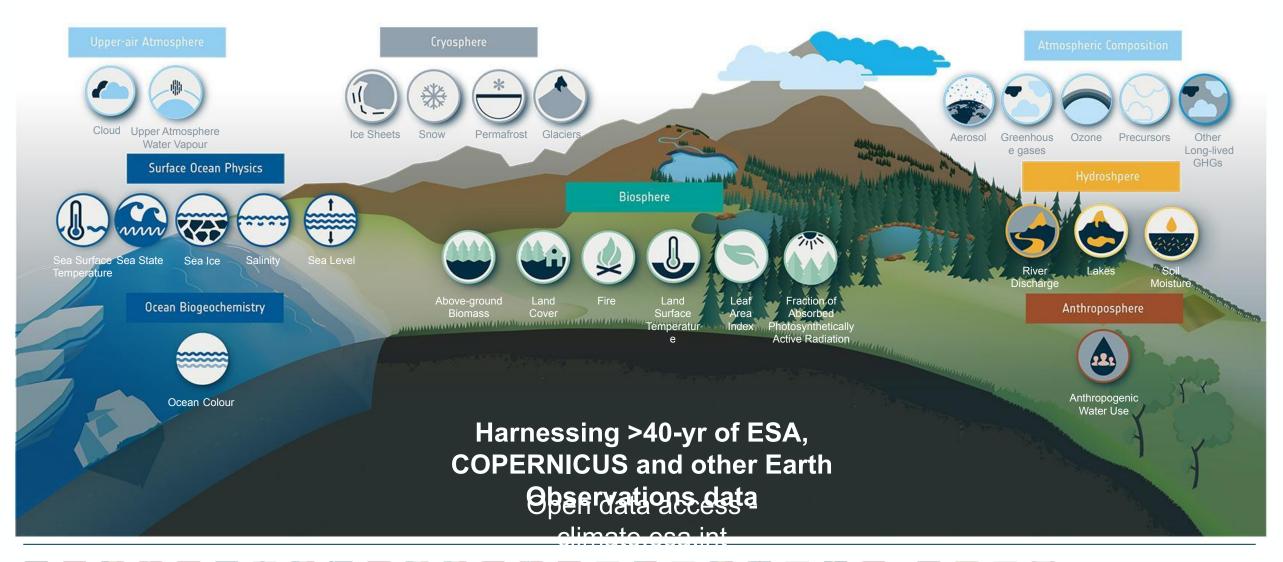
#### Commercialisation

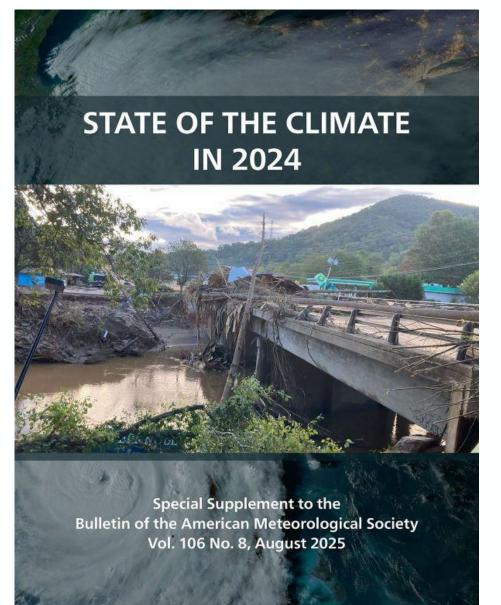


# **ESA's Climate Change Initiative (CCI):**



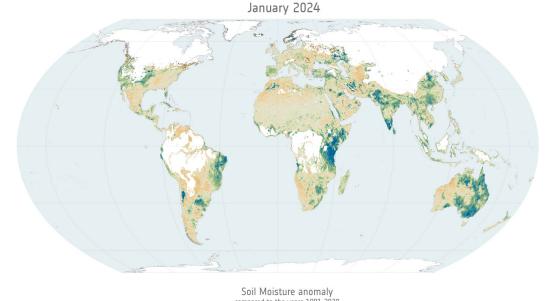
The climate-quality datasets produced by CCI are a major contribution to the evidence base used to understand climate change, which drives international action





State of the Climate - American Meteorological Society





ESA's CCI provides critical satellite evidence to support the findings in the BAMS 2024 report. Insights include 'super-extreme hotspots' with land surface temperatures exceeding 50–60 °C, the highest recorded global lake surface temperature anomalies (with over half of observed lakes above +0.5 °C versus 1995–2020), sharp contrasts in soil moisture from a water-swollen Sahel to drought across the United States and accelerating rock glacier movement as permafrost thaws. At the same time, stratospheric ozone experienced a positive year, with levels in the Northern Hemisphere the highest since satellite monitoring began.

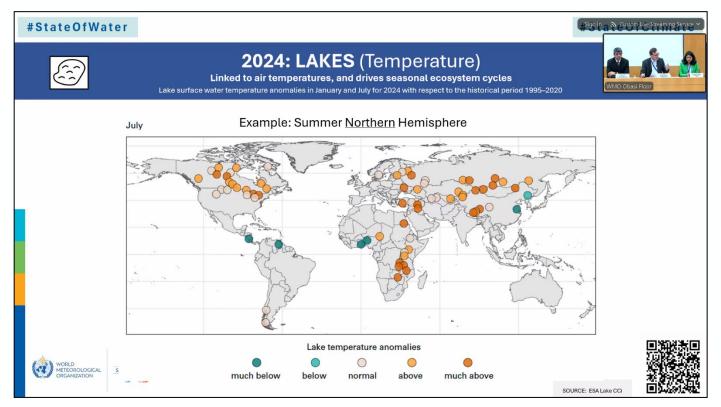
ESA - ESA data records help underpin climate change report

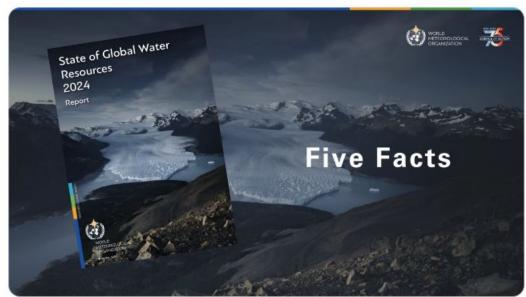
#### WMO State of Global Water Resources 2024 & Climate Space



World's lakes show severe climate fingerprint as the global water crisis deepens

European satellite data reveal how space-based monitoring supports critical water resource assessments In nearly all the 75 monitored lakes, temperatures were well above historical norms in July 2024, affecting water quality



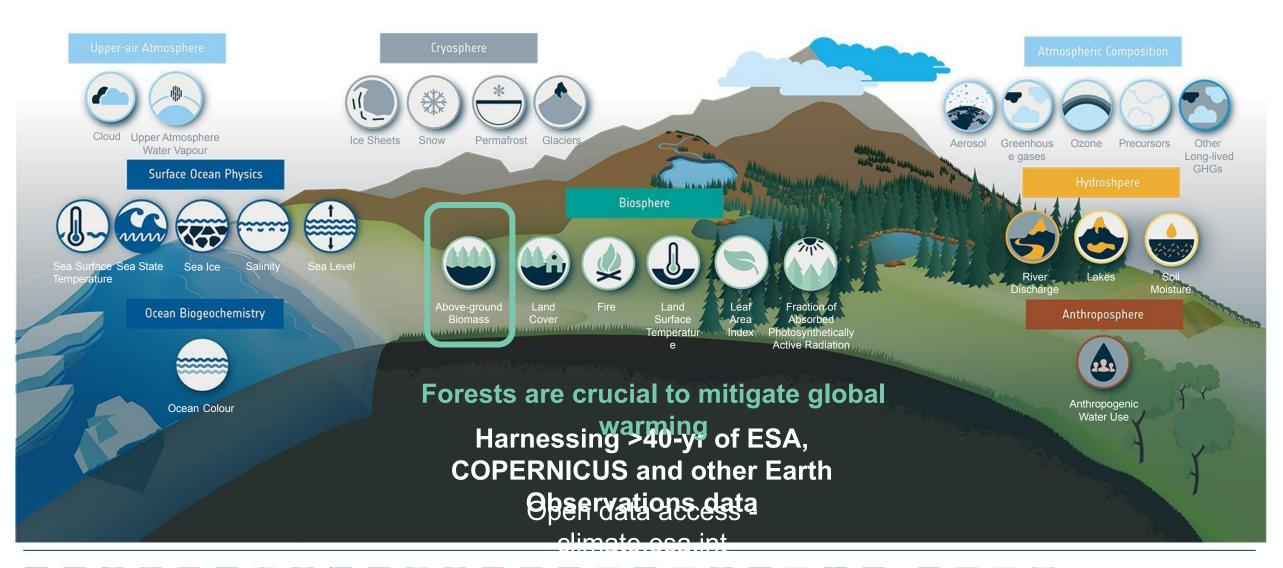


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IFvrw6\_73Dc&embeds\_referring\_e\_uri=https%3A%2F%2Fclimate.esa.int%2F&source\_ve\_path=OTY3MT\_Q

## **ESA's Climate Change Initiative (CCI):**



The climate-quality datasets produced by CCI are a major contribution to the evidence base used to understand climate change, which drives international action



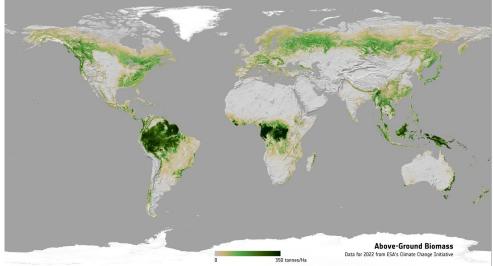
# Above-ground forest biomass record (2007-2022)



- Dataset development led by Aberystwyth & Sheffield
   Universities as part of ESA Climate Change Initiative
- Quantifies global forest biomass & change over time
- Dataset combines data from multiple missions inc. ESA Envisat;
   Copernicus Sentinel-1; JAXA's ALOS-1 & -2; & NASA's ICESat
   & GEDI

#### Applications:

- Climate & carbon model development
- Forest conservation (UN Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation, REDD+, programme)
- Improved national GHG reporting (Paris Agreement)



ESA Climate Change Initiative Biomass dataset (2007-2022)



Illustration of above ground biomass change (ESA CCI (2007-2022))

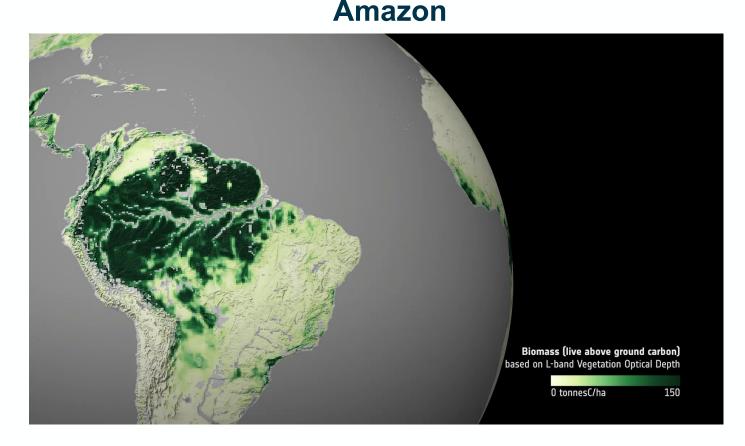


### **Observations for Carbon Stock**



The L-band microwave radiometer on the ESA SMOS satellite is sensitive to annual changes in vegetation, including forests

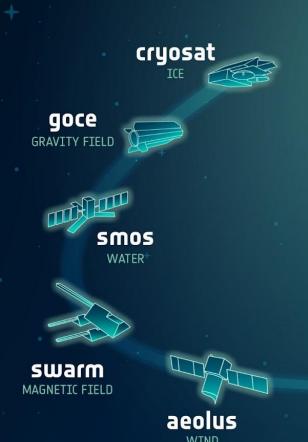
- These observations are combined with ground data and computer models to map global land carbon stocks
- The Amazon region lost 370 million tonnes of carbon 2010-2020 decade. The south-eastern area is now a net source
- Carbon absorption by growing forest has been outweighed by deforestation, degradation and agricultural use

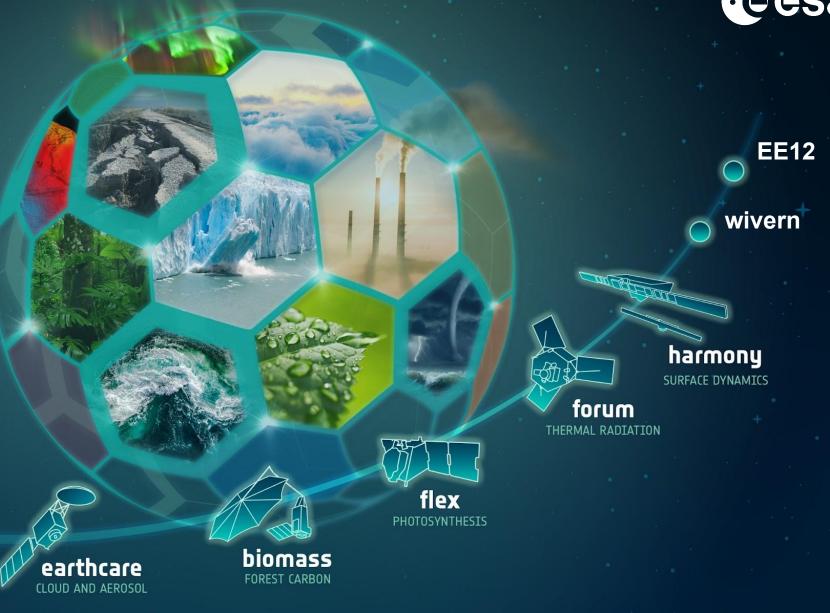


**Earth Explorers** 

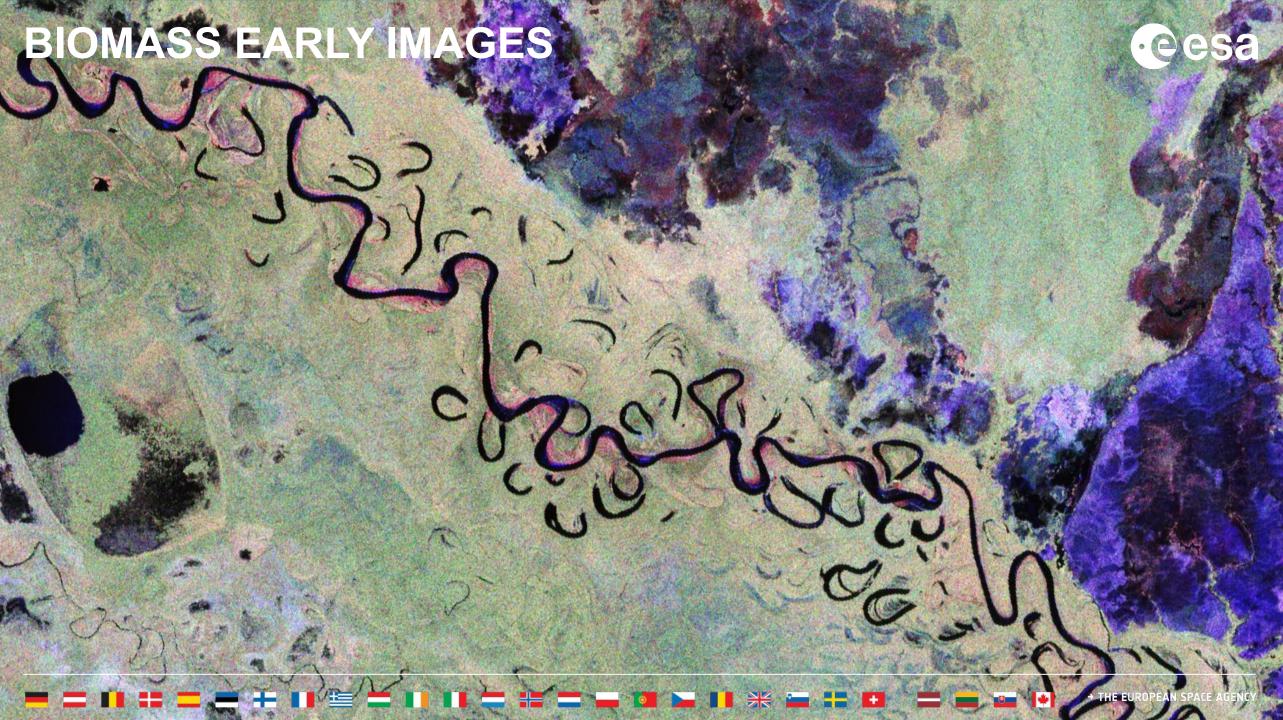
**Pioneering Scientific and** 

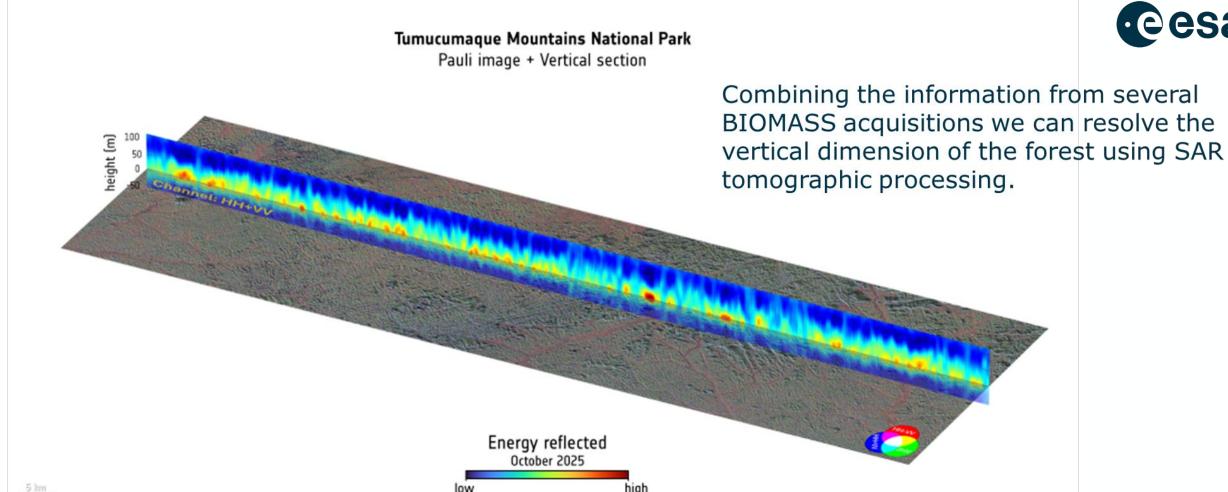
**Technical Excellence** 





# **Biomass Observing the World's Forests** Launched 29 April 2025 Novel P-band SAR







The image above shows a tomographic transact through the scene. The colours show the energy reflected per vertical layer. Red is high energy; blue is low energy.



# Observations for GHG inventories and reporting

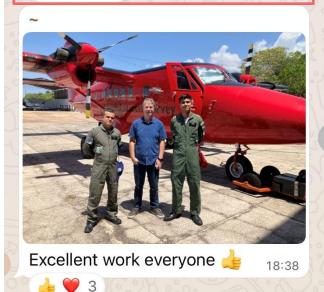
Improving emissions factors: ESA/INPE/UFOPA airborne campaign

Pleased to report that the Brazilian Air Force team are extremely happy with what they have seen over the past day or so. Their feedback was very positive - they wish us all the best with the campaign.

We are 'cleared to fly' 👍

18:38

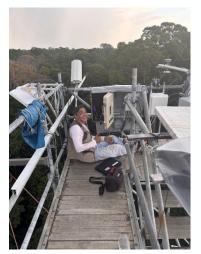




The Amazon is a potential <u>near-future tipping point of terrestrial carbon</u> <u>emissions</u>. Despite this, significant uncertainty remains regarding the region's current and projected GHG emissions

A large-scale field experiment (Pará State, Brazil) is providing new and detailed observations to better understand the carbon dynamics (stock & fluxes) associated with different land cover types and fire







LBA KM67 flux tower in the Tapajos protected forest (left to right) from the ground, the top, and from the hyperspectral system onboard the aircraft

□ climate.esa.int/carbonara



# Questions

Cesa

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